

## **EFFECTIVE PARTNERING AND PROCUREMENT REFORM**

## **Deputy Coordinator:**

Roman Napoli

## **Senior Leader Champions:**

Randy Tift Gloria Steele

## **Project Managers:**

Matt Johnson Paul Burford Erik Singer

#### EFFECTIVE PARTNERING AND PROCUREMENT REFORM

**Goal:** Develop and implement a series of reforms to our **program design and procurement processes** aimed at fostering self-reliance.

#### Workstreams:

- **Collaborative and Diverse Partnering:** Enabling more effective co-creation, innovative financing, and partnerships with a diverse array of actors.
- **Supporting Local Partners:** Catalyzing local public-, private-, and non-profit-sector to own their development objectives.
- Strategic and Efficient Partnering: Simplify and streamlining processes in order to allow USAID staff to focus more of their time on fostering self-reliance and achieving development results.
- Adaptive Partnering: Creating an agile and flexible Agency that can adapt to changes on the ground to improve the effectiveness of our assistance, including fragile states and non-permissive environments.

## **EPPR APPROACH & EXPECTED DELIVERABLES**

#### **Internal Engagement**

- Consultations with Leadership & Staff
- Mission Visits
- Engaging with A&A Labs
- Existing Agency
   Resources (IG reports,
   Discussion Notes, etc.)

#### **External Engagement**

- External Listening Tour
- Meetings with Associations & Platforms
- Field visits to meet with partners on the ground

# Cross Agency Working Groups

- Represent the full range of USAID equities, such as: Washington & Field staff; CO, Program, & Technical, etc.
- Responsible for developing proposed reforms

#### **Deliverables**

- A&A Strategy
- Implementation Plan
- External Listening Tour Report
- EFM Warrants
- Co-Location Proposal



#### FEEDBACK: EXTERNAL LISTENING TOUR

#### **Top 5 Challenges**

- Use of Broad Agency
   Announcements (BAAs)
- 2. Selection of Instrument (SOI)
- Prescriptive Nature of USAID Program Design
- 4. Amount of Time from Design to Award
- 5. Lack of Consistent Operations

#### **Promising Models from Partners**

- Adaptive Approaches to Implementation, such as "Design and Perform"
- Expanded use of Co-Creation and Collaboration
- Leveraging Private Development Assistance
- Umbrella Grants for Local Capacity
   Development

## FEEDBACK: USAID STAFF

#### **Top Challenges:**

- Amount of Time from Design to Award
  - Time-consuming regulatory and policy requirements
- Prescriptive Nature of USAID
   Program Design
- Responding with timely programming to shocks
- Engaging new, capable partners

## **Guiding A&A Principles:**

- Engage consistently and openly with partners
- Recognize risk trade-offs in reducing administrative burden
- Workforce as a source of innovation and policy
- Culture change management
  - A&A Roles
  - Adaptive
  - Learning and Training

## **ANTICIPATED SHIFTS FROM EPPR PROCESS**

- Greater reliance on collaboration and co-creation:
  - Expanded definition of co-creation and collaboration
  - New Agency Priority Goal
  - Standardization and best practices on BAAs
  - More usage of less than full proposals
- Use of more adaptive approaches to partnering and procurement:
  - Use of EPP for crisis response context
  - Expanded use of inception phase
  - Use of Pay-for Results approaches

#### • Diversifying the partner base:

- Target new and underutilized
   partners, such as private sector,
   faith-based and community
   organizations, and small businesses
- Tracking sub-partner and sub-awardees
- Reframing approaches to building local capacity:
  - Focus on holistic approaches to building capacity
  - Utilization of umbrella mechanisms
  - Pivoting to more appropriate procurement reporting

# **QUESTIONS**

# Ask a question today!

**Email Us!** 

Transformation@usaid.gov

Visit USAID's Self-Reliance Page:

www.usaid.gov/selfreliance

